



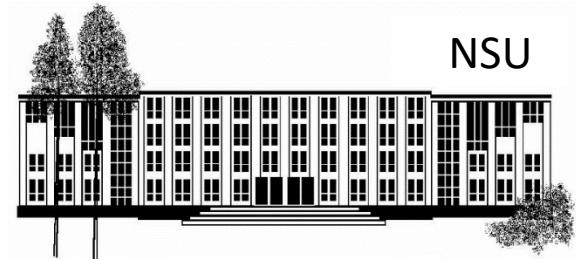
LXXV Международная конференция
«ЯДРО-2025. Физика атомного ядра и
элементарных частиц. Ядерно-физические
технологии»

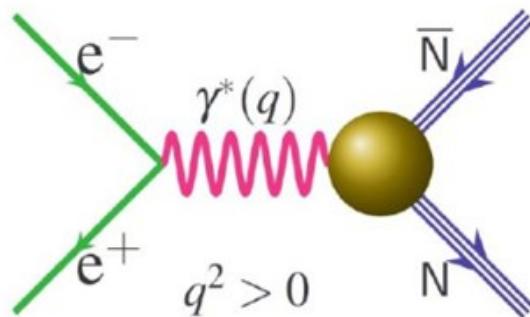
Измерение электромагнитных
времениподобных формфакторов нейтрона
и протона на e^+e^- - колайдере ВЭПП-2000 с
детектором СНД

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$$e^+e^- \rightarrow n\bar{n}/p\bar{p} \text{ annihilation}$$


$$N = n, p: \quad I(J^p) = 1/2 (1/2^+)$$

$$N\bar{N}: \quad J^{PC} = 1^{--} \Rightarrow S, D$$

A spin- $\frac{1}{2}$ particle \Rightarrow two EM FFs
 $G_E(q^2)$ and $G_M(q^2)$

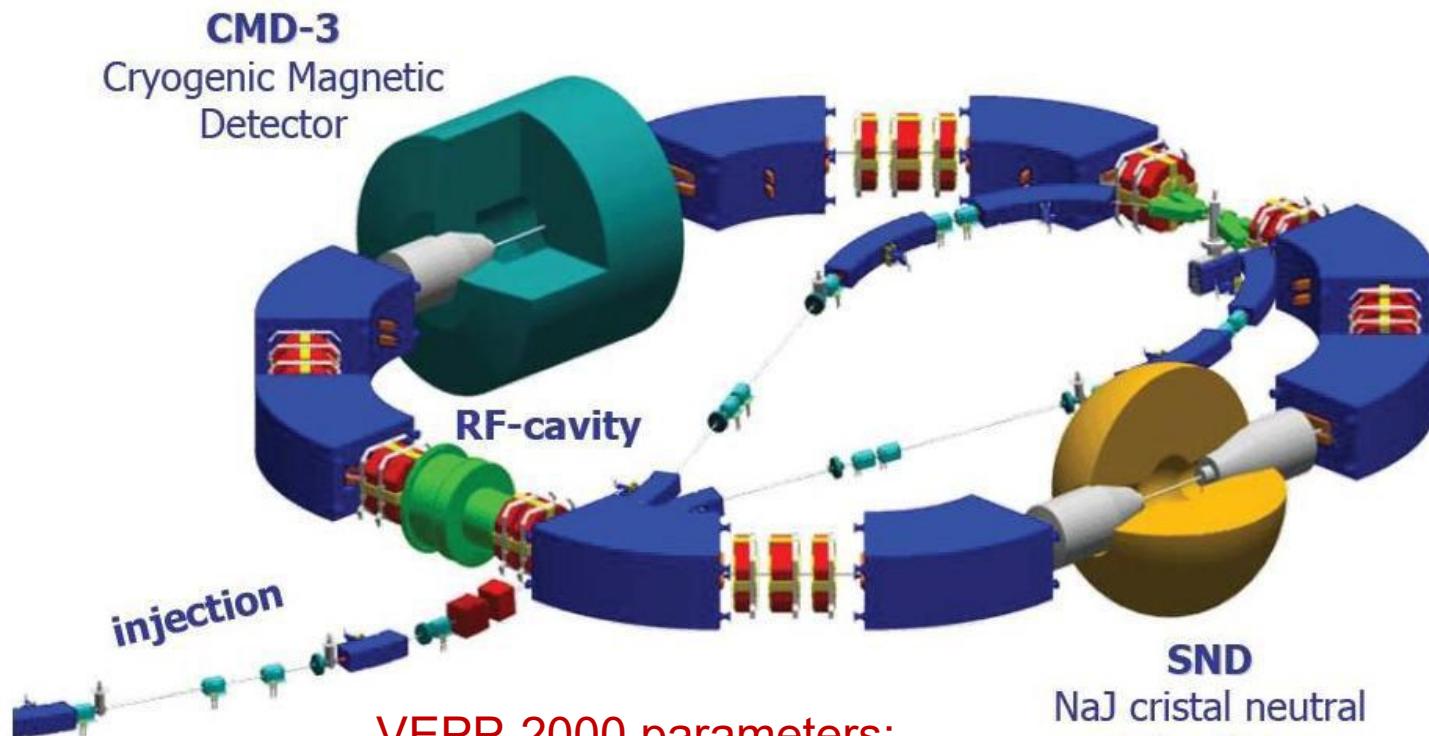
$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow n\bar{n}) = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2\beta C}{3s} \left(|G_M|^2 + \frac{2m_n^2}{s} |G_E|^2 \right)$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow N\bar{N}:$$

- A study the reactions near threshold and up to 2 GeV
- A measurement of the cross sections
- A measurement of the EM FFs

BABAR**BESIII**

VEPP-2000 e^+e^- collider (2×1000 MeV)

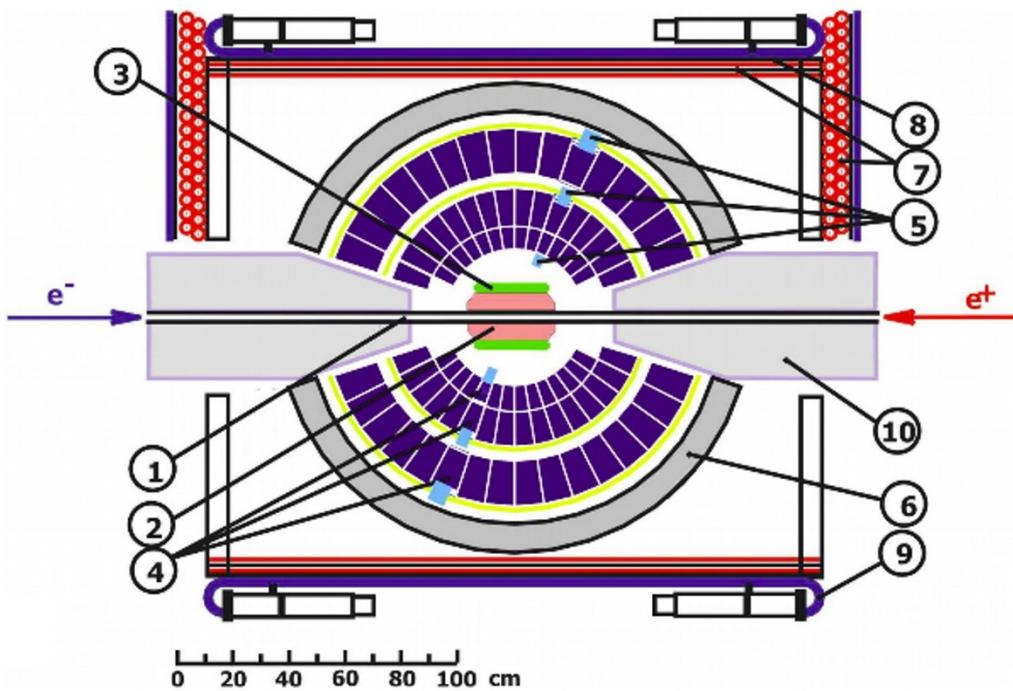


VEPP-2000 parameters:

- c.m. energy $E=0.3\text{--}2.0$ GeV
- round beam optics
- Luminosity at $E=1.8$ GeV
 $1.10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ (project),
 $7.10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ (achieved)

SND
NaJ cristal neutral
particles Detector

Spherical Neutral Detector



1 – beam pipe, 2 – tracking system, 3 – aerogel Cherenkov counter, 4 – NaI(Tl) crystals, 5 – phototriodes, 6 – iron muon absorber, 7–9 – muon detector, 10 – focusing solenoids.

Calorimeter

Thickness $13.5 X_0$

Acceptance $0.95 \times 4\pi$

Energy resolution $\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = \frac{0.042}{\sqrt[4]{E[\text{GeV}]}}$

Angular resolution $\sigma_{\phi,\theta} = \frac{0.82^\circ}{\sqrt[4]{E[\text{GeV}]}} \oplus 0.63^\circ$

Tracking system

Acceptance (9 layers) $0.94 \times 4\pi$

Angular resolution $\sigma_\phi = 0.55^\circ, \sigma_\theta = 1.2^\circ$

Vertex resolution $\sigma_R = 0.12\text{cm}, \sigma_z = 0.45\text{cm}$

Aerogel counters

K/π separation $E < 1 \text{ GeV}$

**Experiment of 2022 г.
threshold region of $e^+e^- \rightarrow n \text{ anti-}n$**

$E_{\text{beam}} =$

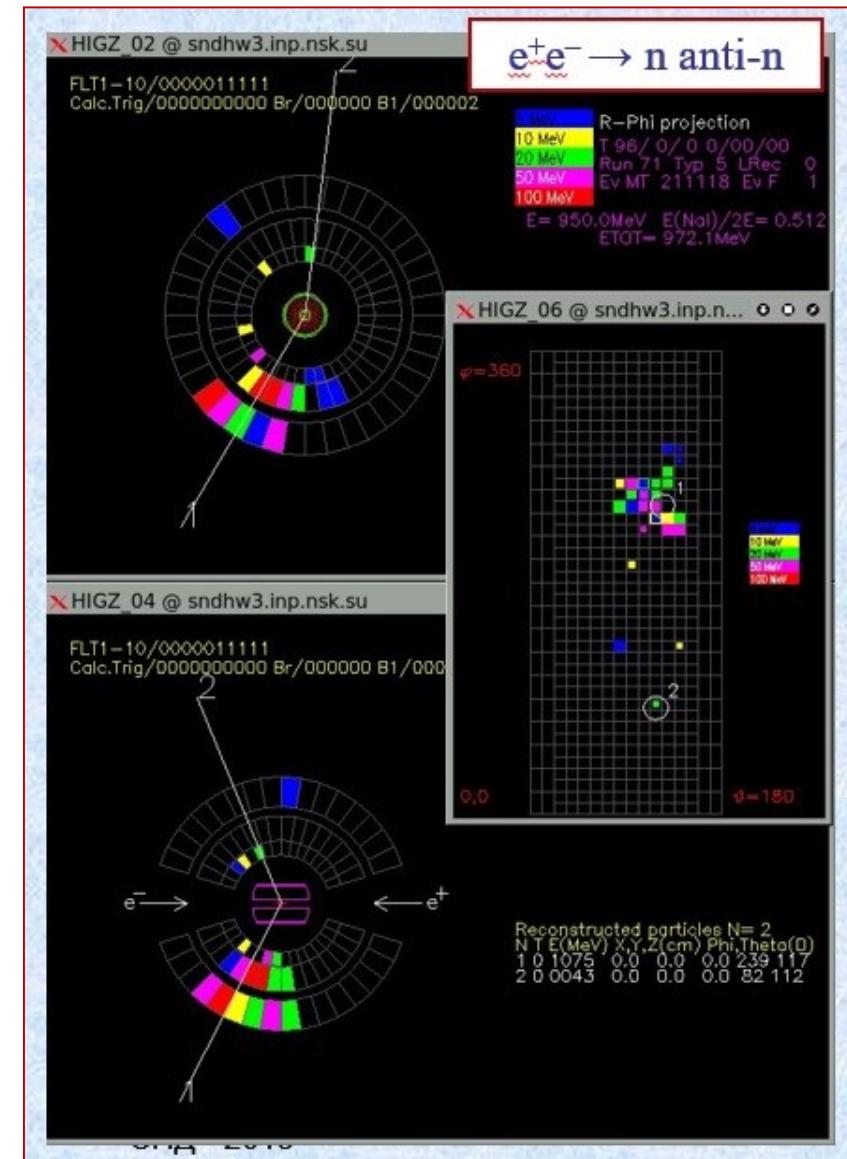
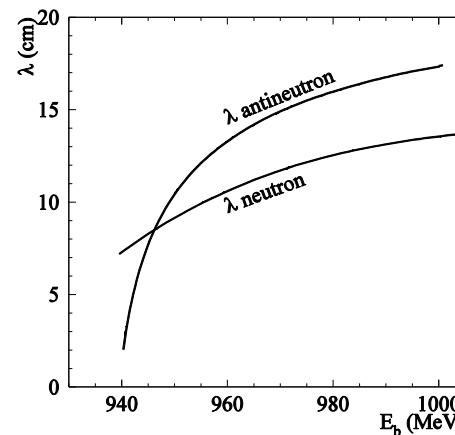
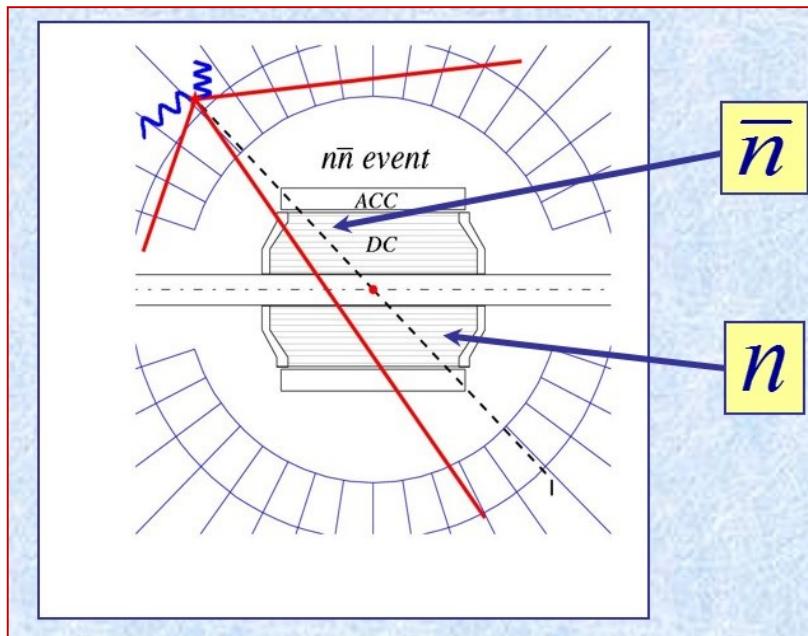
**939.6, 940, 941, 942, 943.5, 945, 947.5, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953,
854 MeV**

$\Delta L = 100 \text{ } 1/\text{pb}$

13 energy points

Publication: Ядерная физика, 2024, т.87, N5, с.400-413
Grant RHF: No. 23-22-00011

Typical view of $n\bar{n}$ event



$n\bar{n}$ events selection

Event selection

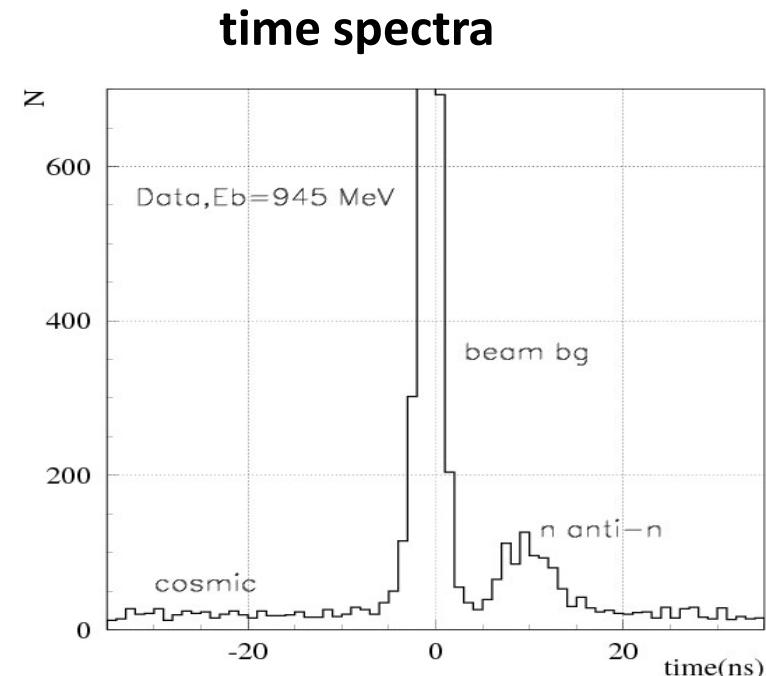
(No tracks*, no photons*, no kinematic χ^2)

- 1 - veto μ system
 - 2 - no cosmic track in EMC, incl. cosm. showers
 - 3 - no charged tracks
 - 4 - event momentum : $P > 0.2E_{beam}$
 - 5 - EMC energy : $E_{tot} > E_{beam}$
 - 6 - photon χ^2 : > -2.5
-

Registration efficiency: $\varepsilon_{MC} \sim 20\%$

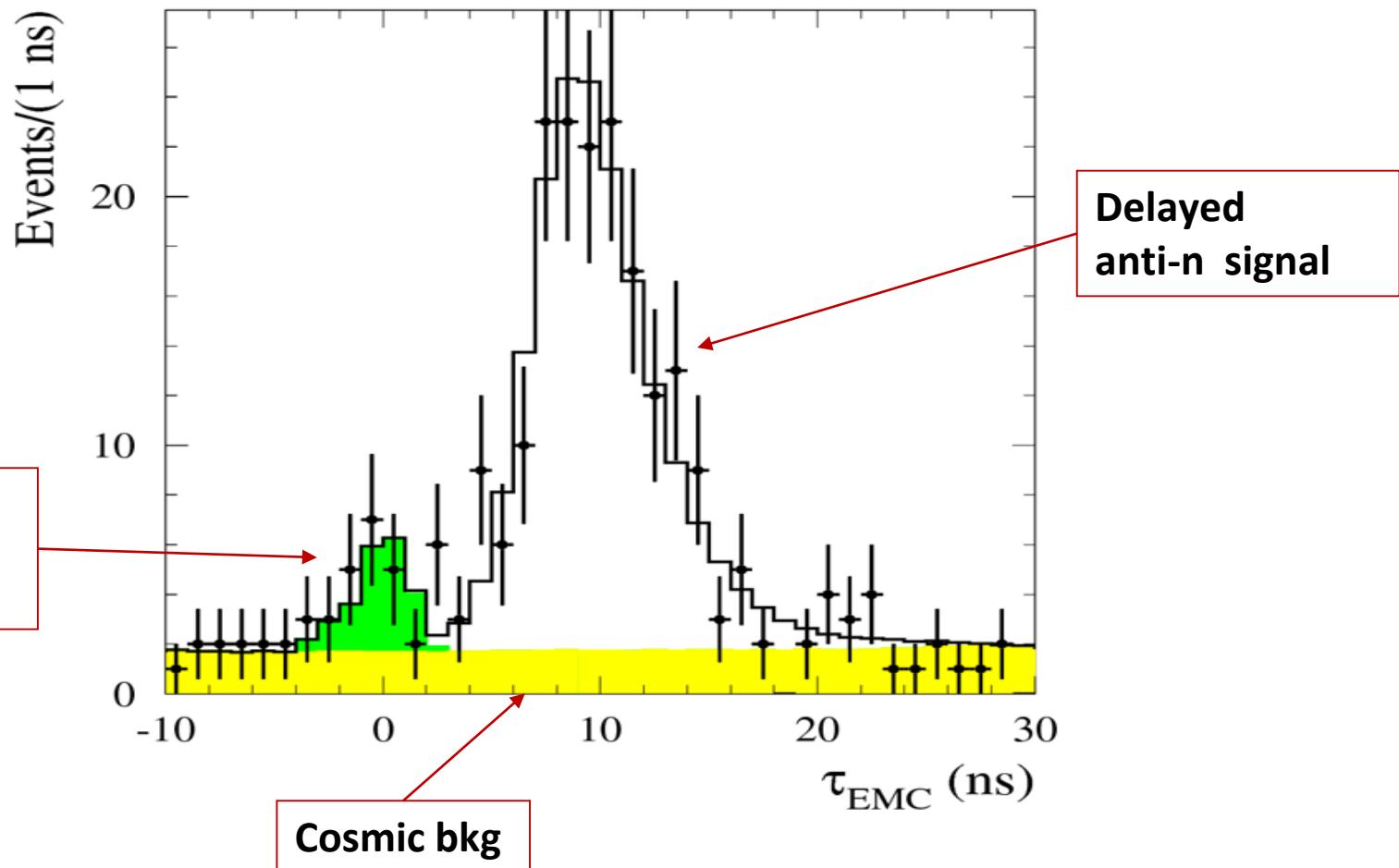
Background:

- 1 – cosmic bkg – flat,
- 2 -- beam bkg - peak at $t=0$;
- 3 – physical bkg - $e^+e^- \rightarrow n\bar{n}$ (QED), π^0 , η , .



Time spectra fit

$$N(\tau) = N_{csm} \cdot S(\tau)_{csm} + N_{bg} \cdot S(\tau)_{bg} + N_{n\bar{n}} \cdot S(\tau)_{n\bar{n}}$$



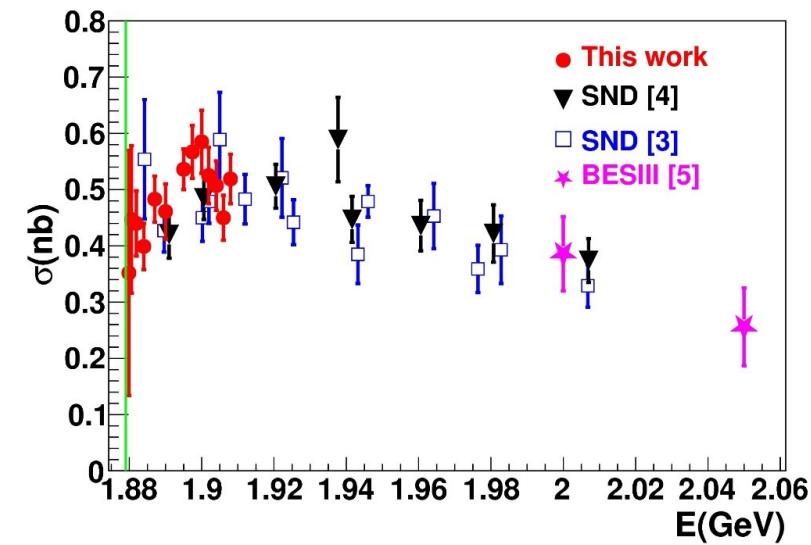
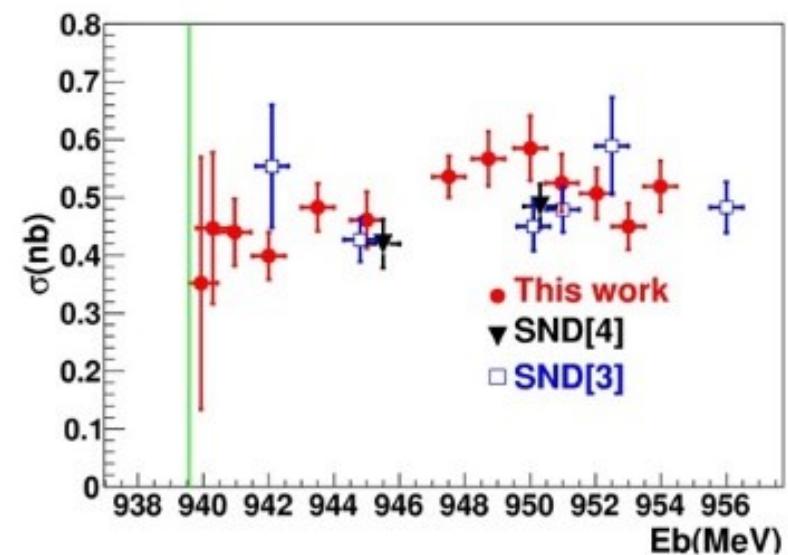
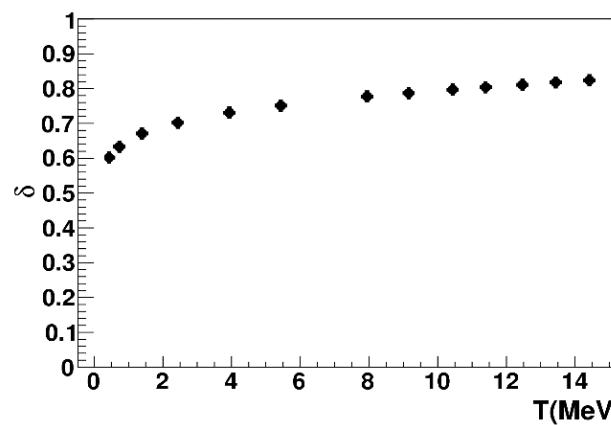
Measured $e^+e^- \rightarrow n \text{ anti-}n$ cross section

Вычисление сечения

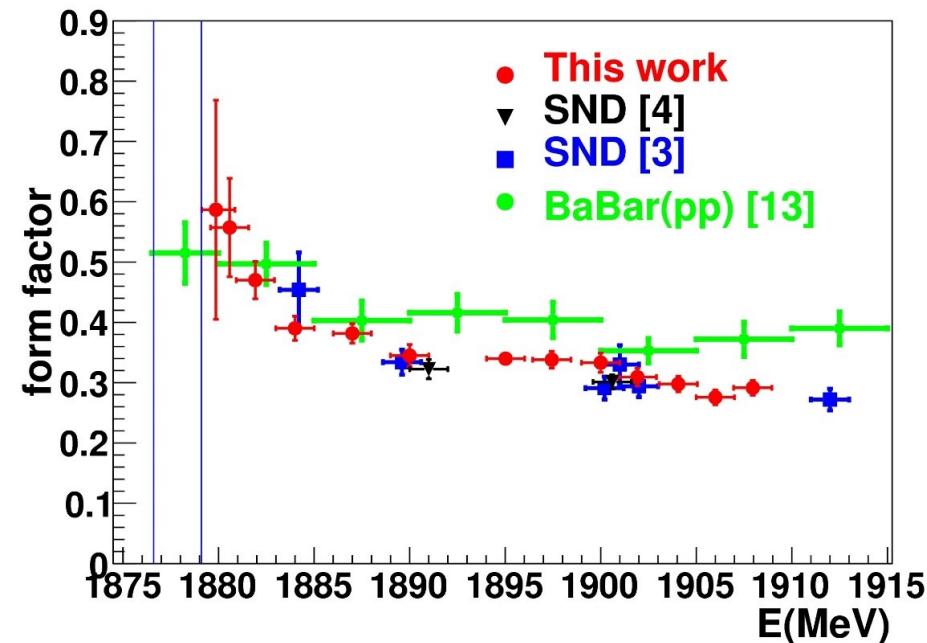
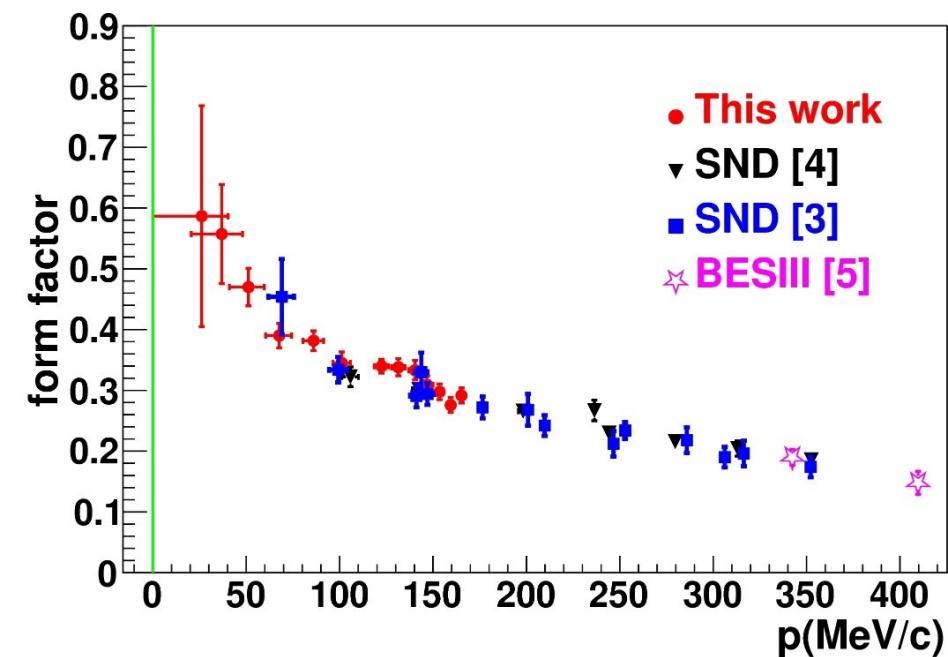
$$\sigma_B = N_{nn} / \varepsilon (1+\delta) L$$

Example :

N_{nn} – detected events number, ~ 300 ,
 L - integrated luminosity, $\sim 5 \text{ pb}^{-1}$,
 ε - MC detection efficiency, ~ 0.2 ,
 $1+\delta$ - radiative correction, ~ 0.8 ,
 σ_B - total cross section $\sim 0.4\text{-}0.6 \text{ nb}$,
 σ_{vis} - visible cross section,
 $\text{err(stat)} \sim 5\%$,
 $\text{err(syst)} \sim 10\%$,
both errs are shown.



Measured effective timelike neutron formfactor



$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow n\bar{n}) = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2\beta C}{3s} (1 + 1/2\tau) |G_{eff}|^2$$

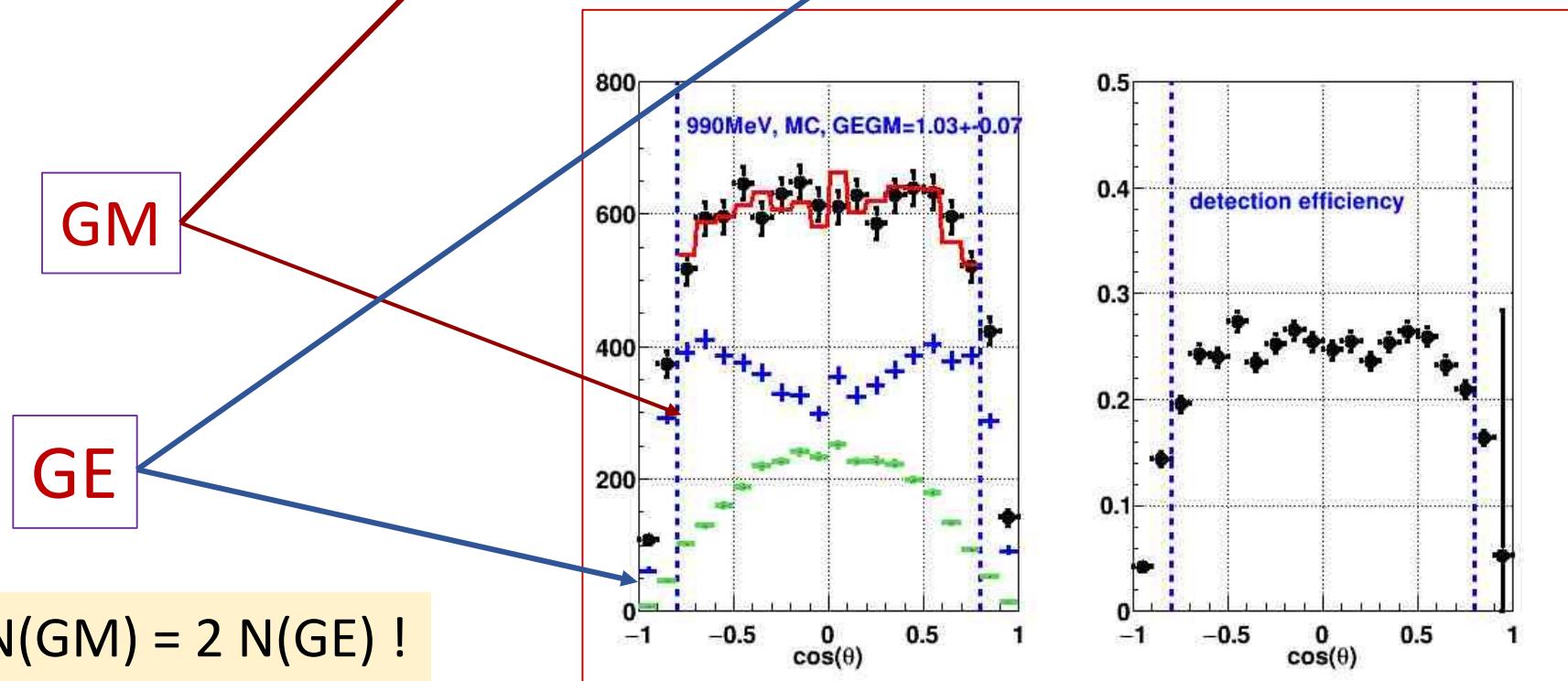
Effictive
formfactor

$$|G_{eff}|^2 = \frac{|G_M|^2 + |G_E|^2/2\tau}{1 + 1/2\tau}, \quad \tau = \frac{s}{4m_n^2}$$

Calculation of GE/GM using angular distribution

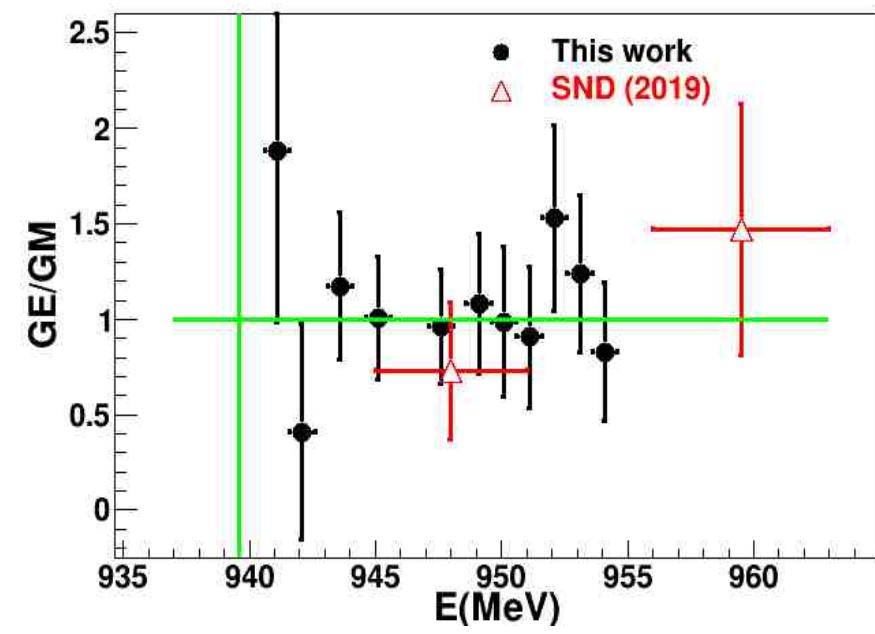
$$\frac{d\sigma_{n\bar{n}}(s)}{d \cos \theta} = \frac{\alpha^2 \beta C}{2s} \left(|G_M|^2 (1 + \cos^2 \theta) + \frac{4m_n^2}{s} |G_E|^2 \sin^2 \theta \right)$$

At threshold
 $|GE| = |GM|$

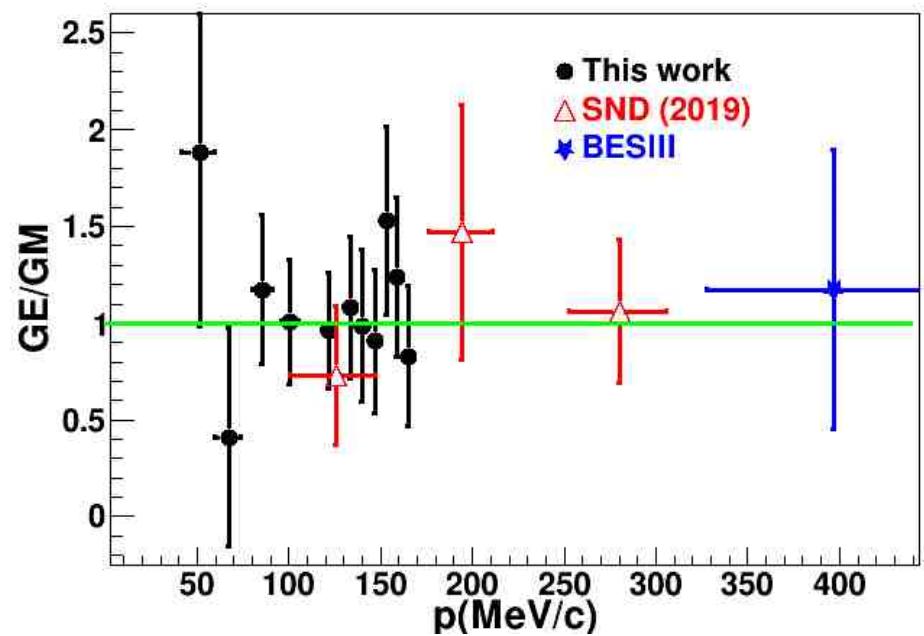


Measured GE/GM

GE/GM VS energy

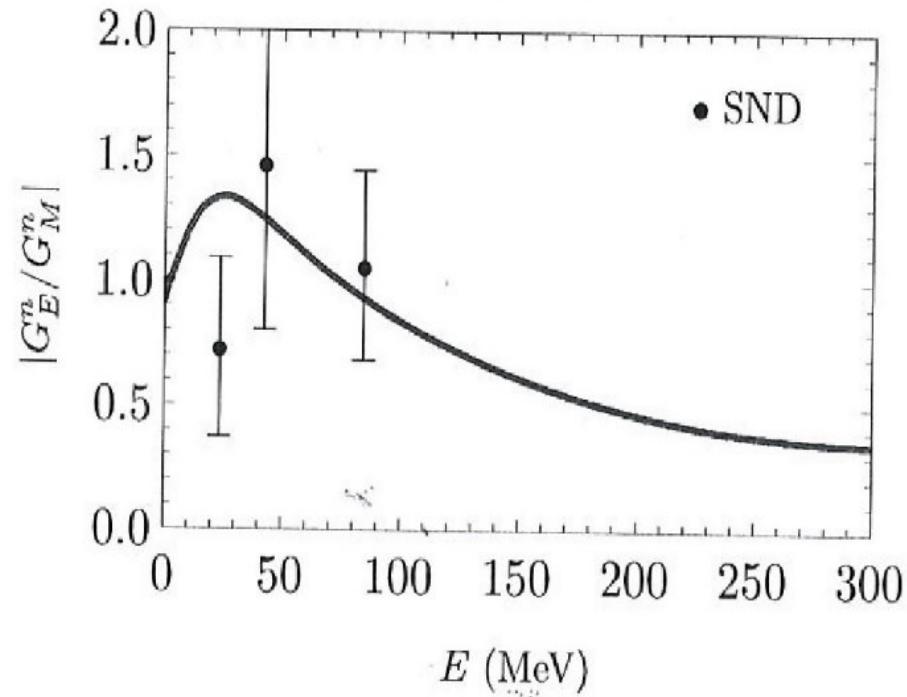
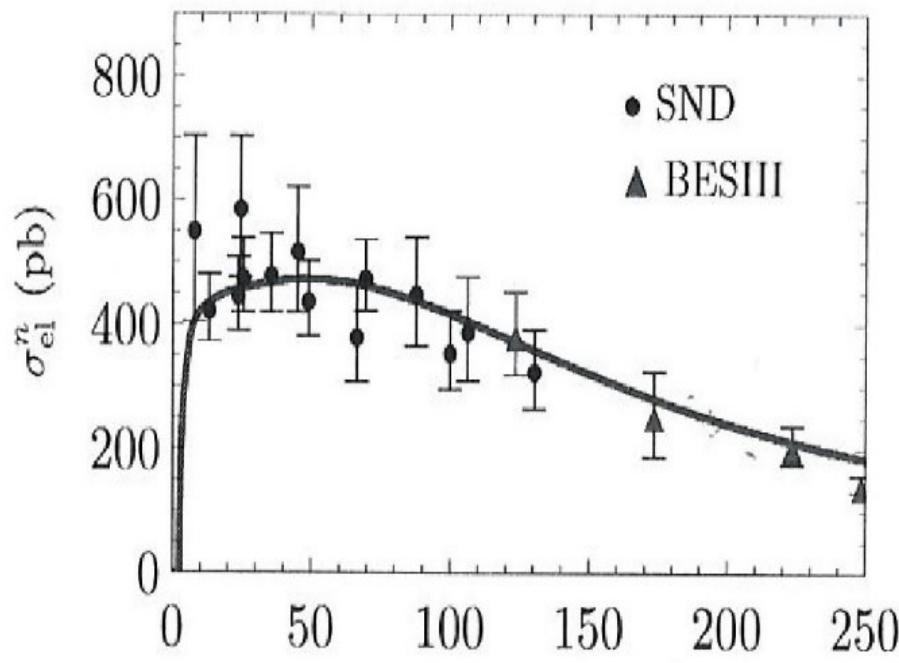


GE/GM VS momentum

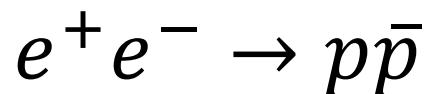


Aver. $|GE/GM| = 1.028 \pm 0.114$ (stat)

Theoretical predictions - σ_{nn} , GE/GM



NN production in e^+e^- annihilation near the threshold
A. I. Milstein and S. G. Salnikov
Phys.Rev. D, 106, 074012 (2022)

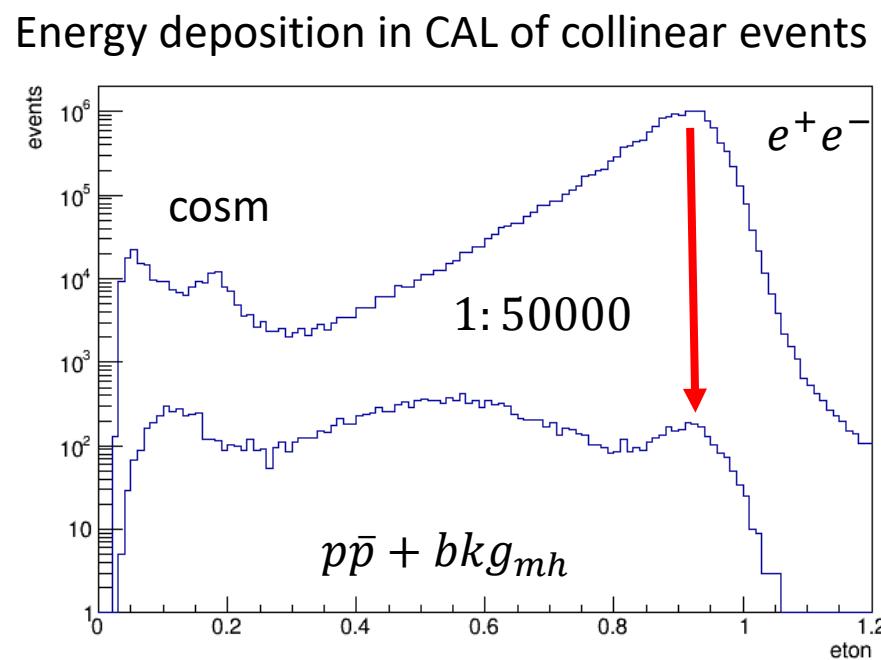
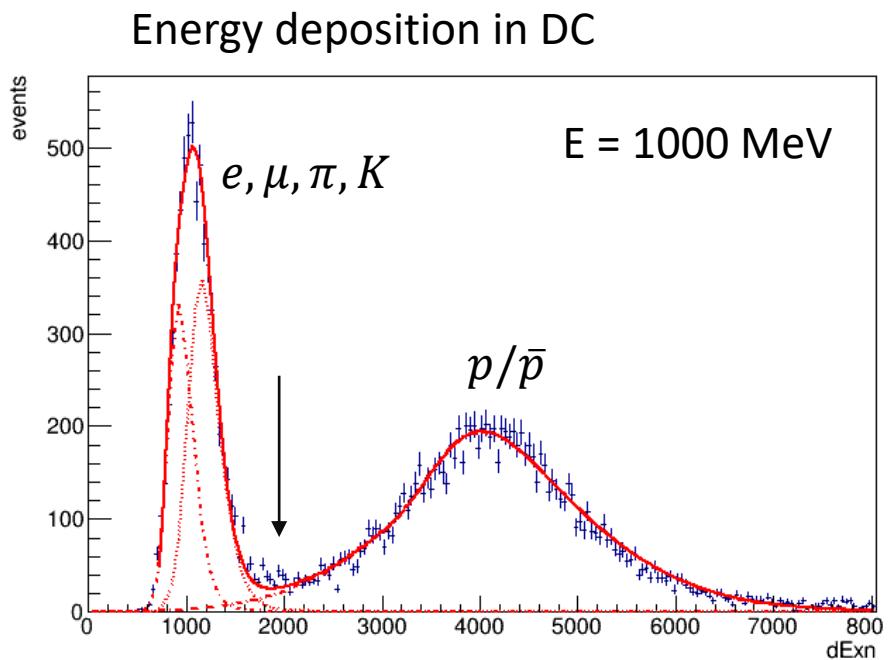


Two strategies for the $e^+ e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}$ events selection:

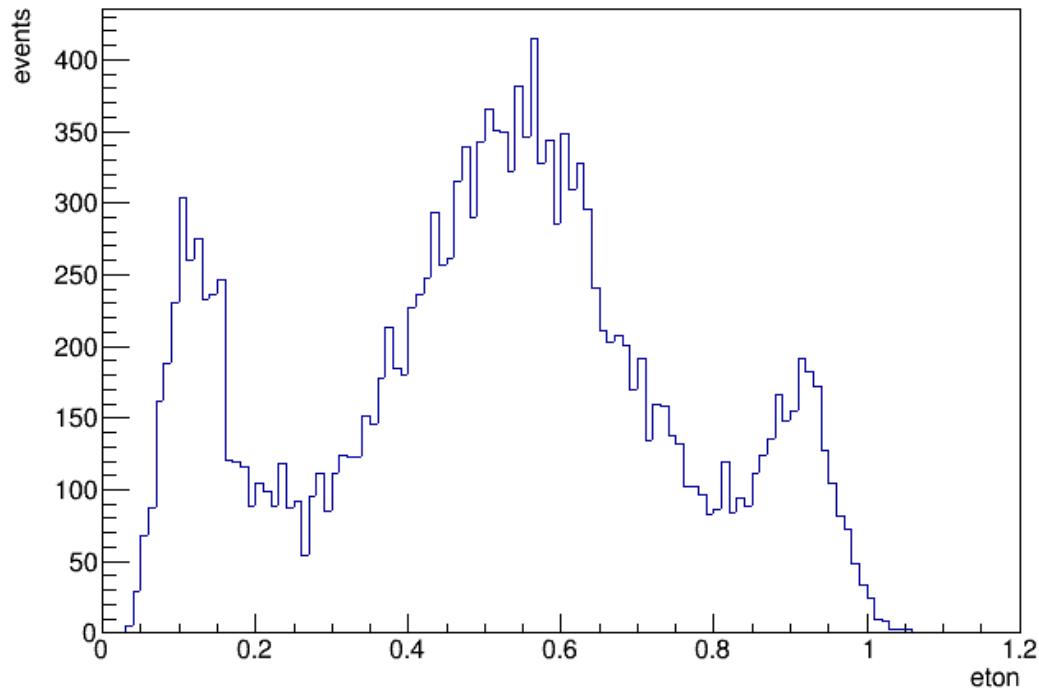
1. By the annihilation of an antiproton on the DC: $M_p < E_b < 960$ МэВ
2. By a pair of collinear charged tracks with high energy deposition in DC:
 $960 < E_b < 1000$ МэВ

In this analysis, the second type of events will be analyzed

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Trigger: | $\text{trin} > 0$ |
| 2. Number of charge particles: | $\text{nc} \geq 2$ |
| 3. Collinearity: | $ \Delta\phi < 10^\circ$
$ \Delta\theta < 20^\circ$ |
| 7. Пучковость: | $ z_{0,i} < 15 \text{ cm}$
$ \Delta z_0 < 10 \text{ cm}$
$ d_{0,i} < 2 \text{ cm}$ |
| 8. High energy deposition in the DC: | $dExn_i > dEdx_{cut}$ |

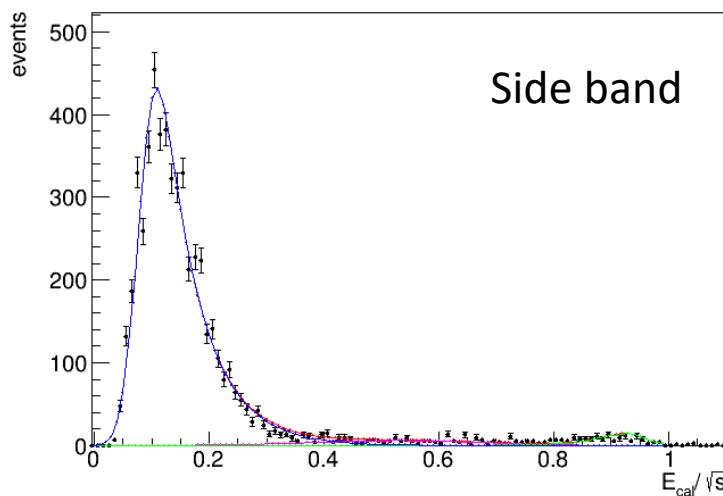
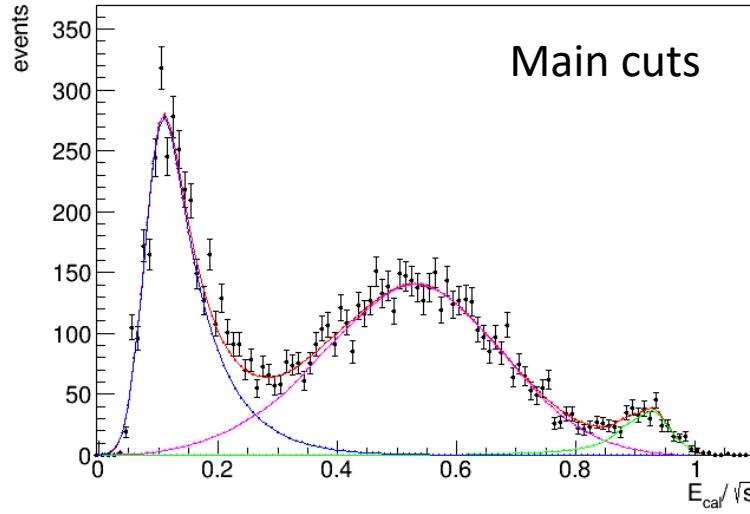
pp̄ events selection dy dEdx

Backgrounds



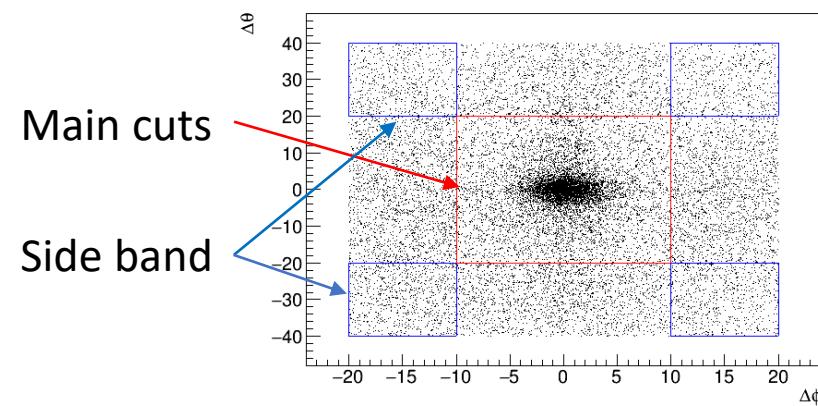
1. Collinear processes:
 1. $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$
 2. $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
 3. $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
 4. $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+K^-$
 5. Cosmics
2. Multi-hadron processes:
 1. $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$
 2. $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$
 3. $e^+e^- \rightarrow KK\pi$
 4. etc
3. Other processes:
 1. Two-photon
 2. etc

Number of events

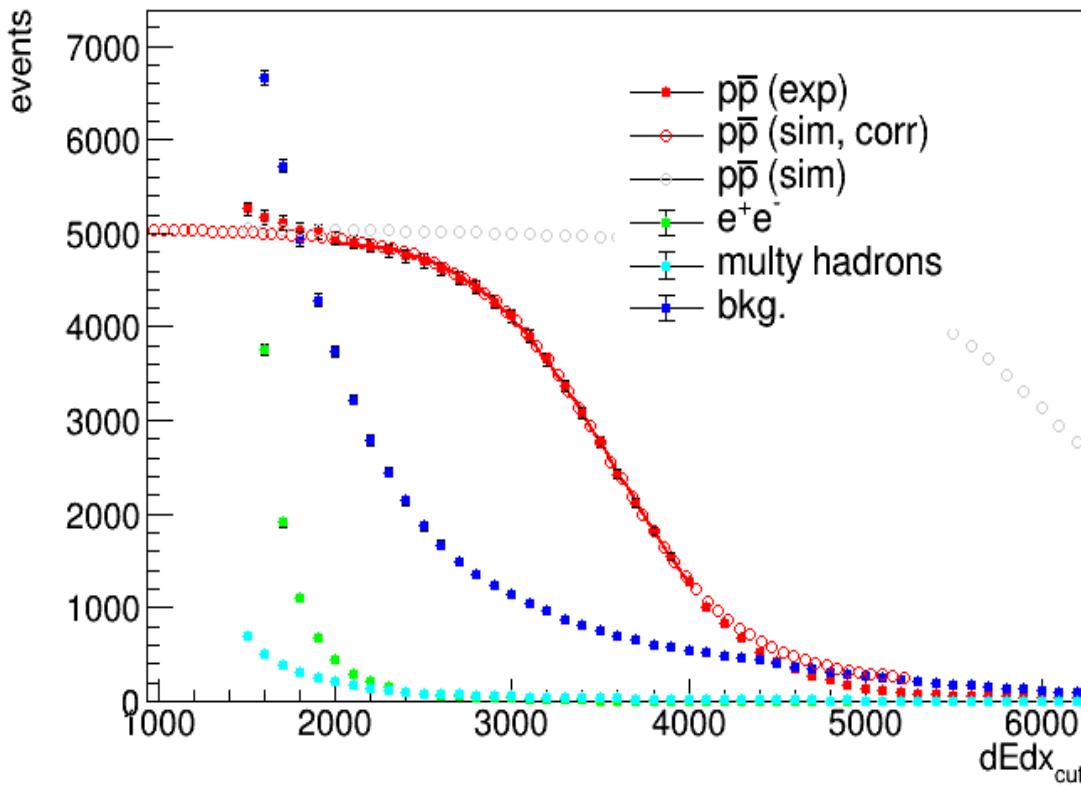


Fit model:

1. Simultaneous fitting of events in regions:
 1. Main cuts
 2. Sideband
2. Processes:
 1. $e^+e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}$
 2. $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$
 3. Low energy bkg
 4. Multi-hadron bkg



Scan by $dEdx_{cut}$



1. Components have different behavior depending on the parameter value $dEdx_{cut}$
2. Behavior is consistent with expectations
3. The proton part is clearly visible
4. Cut selection: $dEdx_{cut}$
5. The simulation after scale correction is in good agreement with the experiment:

$$\sigma/R = 0.244 \pm 0.005 \text{ (exp)}$$

$$\sigma/R = 0.230 \pm 0.001 \text{ (sim)}$$

Data

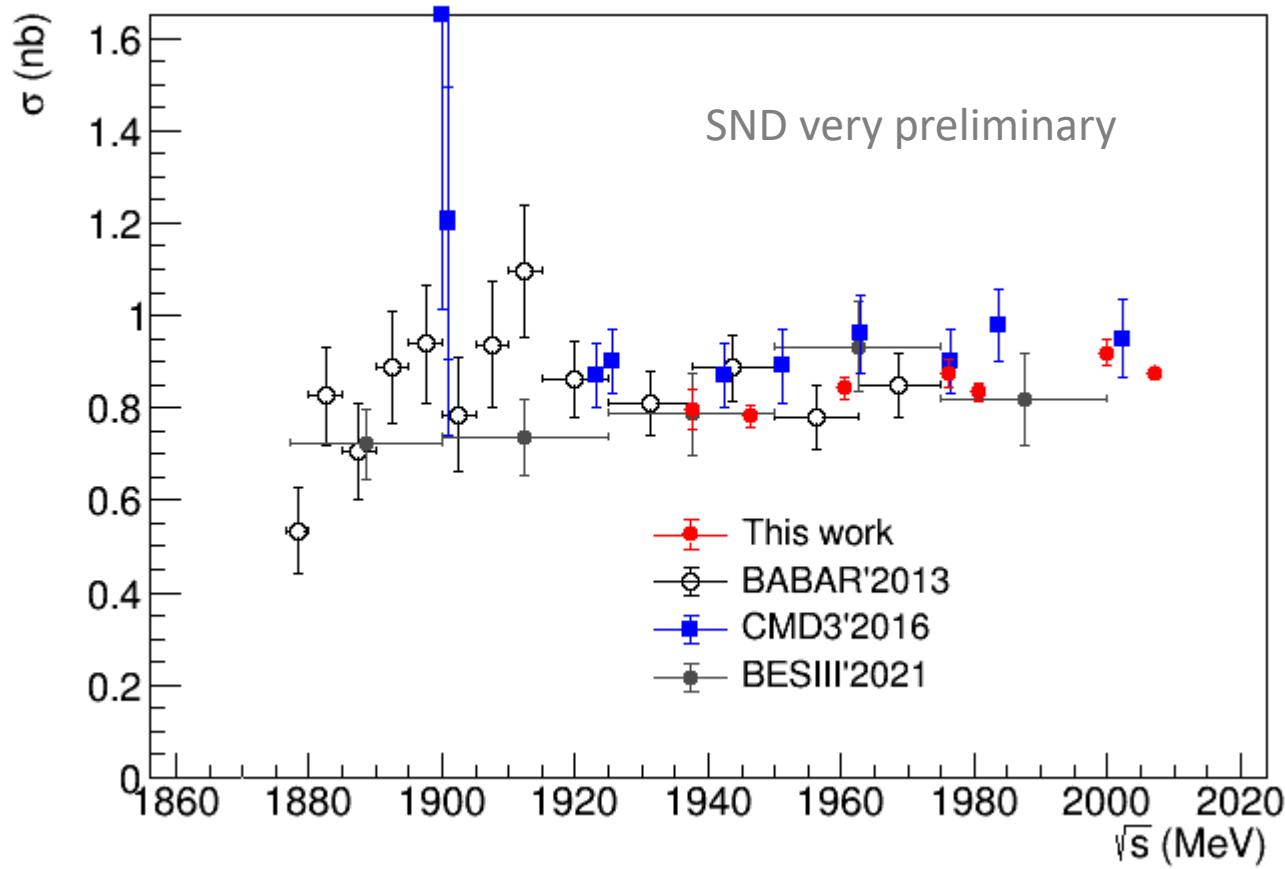
	scan	Beam, Mev	IL-1, pb	$N_{p\bar{p}}$	N_{mh}	$\xi_{e^+e^-}$	n_σ	ε
1	MHAD2017	1000.0	3.385	2070 ± 63	208 ± 32	$1.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$	1.56	0.986
2	MHAD2019	975.0	5.422	2558 ± 79	334 ± 47	$2.0 \cdot 10^{-5}$	2.06	0.998
3	MHAD2019	987.5	2.267	1260 ± 44	119 ± 22	$3.7 \cdot 10^{-5}$	2.48	0.9998
4	MHAD2021	970.0	5.981	2746 ± 150	416 ± 134	$2.8 \cdot 10^{-5}$	1.86	0.996
5	MHAD2021	980.0	8.293	4318 ± 130	676 ± 97	$1.9 \cdot 10^{-4}$	2.21	0.999
6	MHAD2021	990.0	9.717	5235 ± 122	948 ± 86	$7.2 \cdot 10^{-4}$	1.90	0.996
7	MHAD2021	1000.0	22.871	12864 ± 221	1887 ± 161	$2.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$	1.66	0.990

$N_{p\bar{p}}$ --- number of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}$ events

N_{mh} --- number of multi-hadron background events estimated by sideband

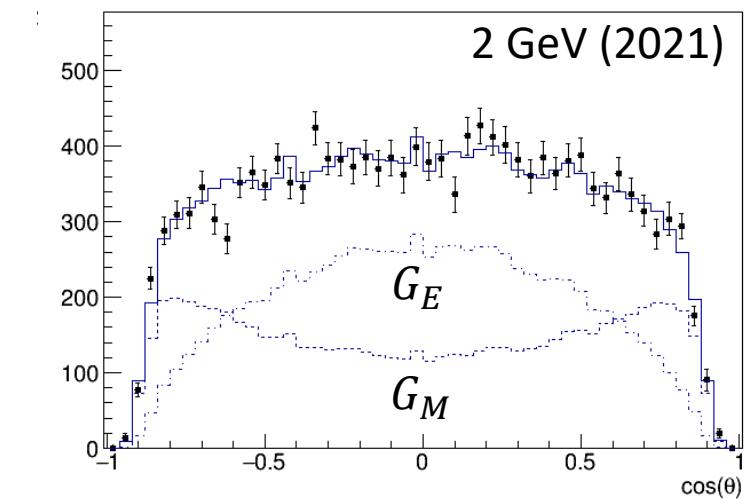
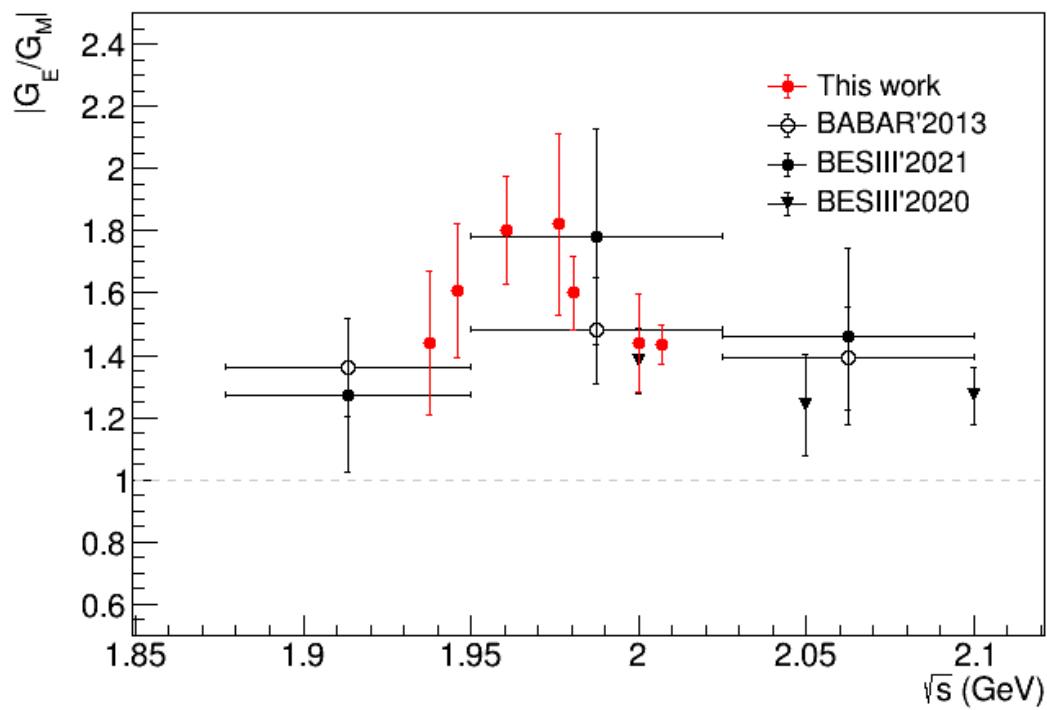
$\xi_{e^+e^-}$ --- the part of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$ events

Cross section of $e^+e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}$



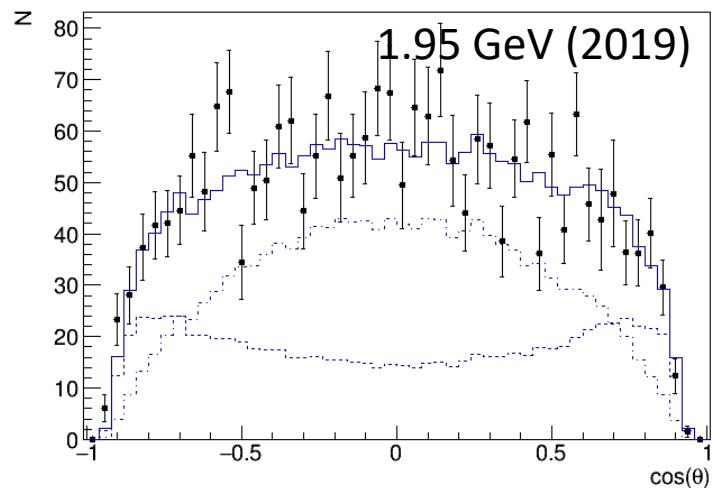
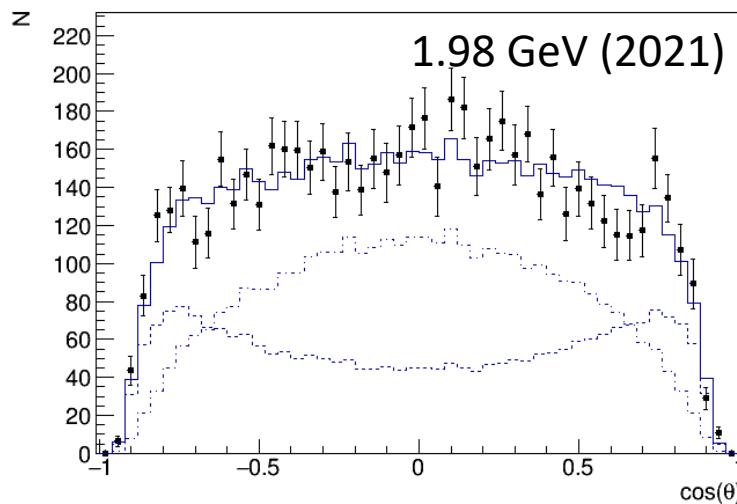
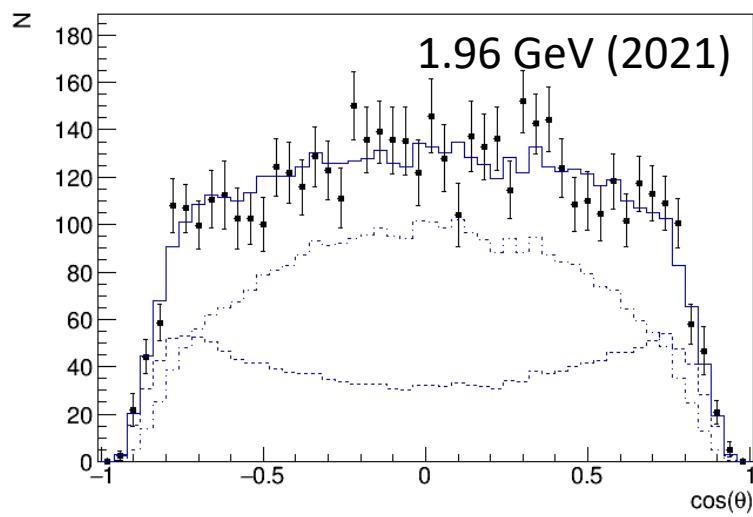
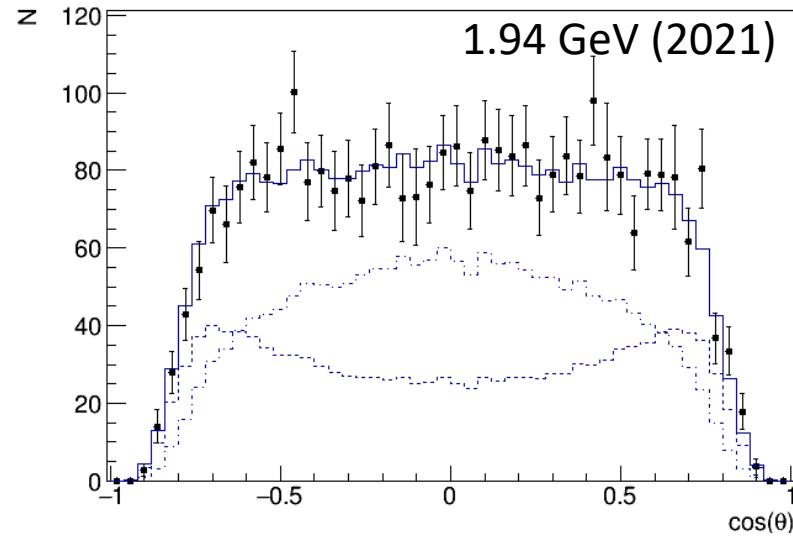
Estimation of systematic error: <10 %

Measurement $|G_E/G_M|$ of proton



$$\frac{d\sigma_{p\bar{p}}(s)}{d\cos\theta} = \frac{\alpha^2\beta C}{2s} \left(|G_M|^2(1 + \cos^2\theta) + \frac{4m_n^2}{s} |G_E|^2 \sin^2\theta \right)$$

Measurement $|G_E/G_M|$: other points



Conclusions

1. Experiments are carried out at the VEPP-2000 e^+e^- collider to measure time like nucleon form factors at energies from the threshold to 2 GeV
2. At present, data have been accumulated with an integrated luminosity of about 180 pb^{-1} , about 10^4 $n+\text{anti-}n$ events have been registered, and 4 articles have been published.
3. The presented report presents the latest data on the study of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow n+\text{anti-}n$ process at energies from the threshold to $E=1910$ MeV
4. The measured cross-section changes with energy within 0.4-0.6 nb. At the point closest to the threshold, the cross-section is about 0.4 nb.
5. The effective time-like form factor of the neutron decreases with energy. Its value at the threshold is about 0.5, at an energy of 2000 MeV – 0.15.
6. Preliminary results are presented on the ratio $|G_E/G_M|$ of the electric and magnetic timelike form factors of the neutron and proton.
7. The measured preliminary cross-section of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow p+\text{anti-}p$ process

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